# CITY OF AURORA, OREGON ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Year Ended June 30, 2019

CITY OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2019

<u>Name</u>	MAYOR	<u>Term</u>
Kris Sallee		January 2021
	CITY COUNCIL MEMBERS	
Tara Weidman		January 2023
Brian Asher		January 2023
Mercedes Feely		January 2021
Tom Heitmanek		January 2021

# **CITY ADMINISTRATION**

City Recorder Finance Officer

Scott W. Jorgensen Mary Lambert

Officials and City Staff can be contacted at:

21420 Main Street NE Aurora, Oregon 97002

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CONSULTANTS 475 Cottage Street NE, Suite 200, Salem, Oregon 97301 (503) 581-7788

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Council Members City of Aurora 21420 Main Street NE Aurora, Oregon 97002

# Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Aurora, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in the notes to the financial statements. This includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these modified cash basis financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the modified cash basis financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Aurora, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the basis of accounting described in the notes to the financial statements.

# Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to the notes of the financial statements that describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

# Emphasis of Matter - Change in Accounting Presentation

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the City combined related enterprise funds into two operating funds, Water and Sewer. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Other Matters**

Report on Supplemental and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. Management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and combining nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements.

The supplemental information as listed in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole on the basis of accounting described in notes to the financial statements.

Management's discussion and analysis has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

# Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have issued our report dated December 18, 2019, on our consideration of the City's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

GROVE, MUELLER & SWANK, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Devan W. Esch, A Shareholder

December 18, 2019

# Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2019

As management of the City of Aurora, we offer readers of the financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

### **Financial Highlights**

		June	e 30,			
	2019		2018		change	
Net position	\$	2,367,003	\$	2,130,263	\$	236,740
Change in net position		236,740		255,501		(18,761)
Governmental net position		1,312,157		1,199,346		112,811
Proprietary net position		1,054,846		930,917		123,929
Change in governmental net position		112,811		155,377		(42,566)
Change in proprietary net position		123,929		100,124		23,805

### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Aurora's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains supplementary and other information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements include:

The Statement of Net Position (Modified Cash Basis). This presents information on the assets and liabilities of the City as of the date on the statement. Net position is what remains after the liabilities have been paid or otherwise satisfied. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities (Modified Cash Basis). The statement of activities presents information showing how the net position of the City changed over the most recent fiscal year by tracking revenues, expenditures and other transactions that increase or reduce net position.

In the government-wide financial statements, the City's activities are shown as governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities include all basic City government functions, such as administration, city hall, legal, parks, streets and police. These activities are primarily financed through property taxes and other intergovernmental activities. Business-type activities are those which are primarily financed through charges to customers, and include water and sewer operations.

**Fund financial statements**. The *fund financial statements* provide more detailed information about the City's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the City of Aurora as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Aurora, like state and other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary (business-type) funds.

**Governmental funds**. The *governmental funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful in obtaining an understanding of each fund's activity.

**Proprietary funds**. Proprietary funds are used to account for funds which are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). Proprietary funds whose primary user is the public are known as enterprise funds.

**Notes to the financial statements**. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

**Other information**. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *other supplemental information*, including the budgetary comparison schedules and the combining nonmajor fund financial statements.

# **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

# Statements of Net Position (modified cash basis) June 30.

		2019			2018	
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,312,157	\$ 1,054,846	\$ 2,367,003	\$ 1,199,346	\$ 930,917	\$ 2,130,263
Liabilities						
Net Position: Restricted Unrestricted	466,566 845,591	265,088 789,758	731,654 1,635,349	419,143 780,203	234,085 696,832	653,228 1,477,035
Total Net Position	\$ 1,312,157	\$ 1,054,846	\$ 2,367,003	\$ 1,199,346	\$ 930,917	\$ 2,130,263

**Statement of Net Position (modified cash basis)**. The statement of net position (modified cash basis) is provided on a comparative basis. As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Aurora, assets exceeded liabilities by \$2,367,003 as of June 30, 2019.

Restricted net position represents sources that are subject to external restrictions on their use, such as debt service or capital projects.

Unrestricted net position is available for general operations of the City.

# Statements of Activities (modified cash basis) Year ended June 30,

		2019		2018					
		Business-			Business-				
	Governmental	type		Governmental	type				
	Activities	Activities	Total	Activities	Activities	Total			
Revenues									
Program revenues									
Charges for service	\$ 118,901	\$ 697,297	\$ 816,198	\$ 150,845	\$ 651,422	\$ 802,267			
Operating grants	71,548	-	71,548	62,894	2,000	64,894			
Capital grants	10,210	15,150	25,360	23,320	37,875	61,195			
General revenues									
Taxes and assessments	306,830	355,358	662,188	286,012	331,583	617,595			
Franchise taxes	67,026	-	67,026	69,526	-	69,526			
Intergovernmental	34,243	-	34,243	34,350	-	34,350			
Miscellaneous	84,337	31,563	115,900	70,353	22,437	92,790			
Total revenues	693,095	1,099,368	1,792,463	697,300	1,045,317	1,742,617			
Expenses									
General government	160,272	-	160,272	143,838	-	143,838			
Public safety	189,010	-	189,010	182,527	-	182,527			
Highways and streets	79,513	-	79,513	64,089	-	64,089			
Community development	151,489	-	151,489	151,469	-	151,469			
Water	-	293,197	293,197	-	335,761	335,761			
Sewer		682,242	682,242		609,432	609,432			
Total expenses	580,284	975,439	1,555,723	541,923	945,193	1,487,116			
Change in net position	112,811	123,929	236,740	155,377	100,124	255,501			
Net position, beginning of year	1,199,346	930,917	2,130,263	1,043,969	830,793	1,874,762			
Net position, end of year	\$ 1,312,157	\$ 1,054,846	\$ 2,367,003	\$ 1,199,346	\$ 930,917	\$ 2,130,263			

**Statement of Activities (modified cash basis).** During the current fiscal year, the City's total net position increased by \$236,740 to \$2,367,003 from \$2,130,263 at the beginning of the year. The key elements of the change in the City's net position for the year ended June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Governmental activities - The City's net position increased by \$112,811 from governmental activities. Revenues were slightly less than the prior year, and expenses were more than in the prior year. The increase was less than the prior year's increase due to primarily to the increase in expenses.

*Business type activities* - The City's net position increased by \$123,929 from business type activities. Revenues increased by approximately \$54,000 compared to the prior year, and expenses increased by approximately \$30,000 compared to the prior year.

### Financial Analysis of the City of Aurora's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on relatively short-term cash flow and funding for future basic services. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of a fiscal year. As of June 30, 2019, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,312,157, an increase of \$112,811 over the prior year.

**Business-type funds.** The business-type funds account for the City's water and sewer operations. Revenue exceeded expenses by \$123,929 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The governing body made no changes to the General Fund budget for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

# **Significant Fund Transactions**

Major Governmental Funds:

General Fund. The General Funds is the primary operating funds of the City. The fund balance was \$647,839 as of June 30, 2019. The fund balance increased \$38,383 during the current fiscal year. The increase was due primarily to revenues in excess of expenditures in the amount of \$62,883 offset by net transfers out of \$24,500. Revenues were very close to the amount budgeted, while expenditures were significantly under budget. As a measure of the liquidity, it may be useful to compare total fund balances to total fund expenditures. Fund balance represents 133% of total expenditures.

Street/Storm Operating Fund. The Street/Storm Operating Fund accounts for street maintenance and improvements. The fund balance increased by \$14,943. Charges for services and State gas tax revenues exceeded street-related expeditures.

City Hall Building Fund – The fund balance increased by \$26,975 due to transfers in of \$20,000 and minimal expenditures.

Major Proprietary Operations:

Water Operations – Water operations revenues are from charges for services and expenses are for personal services, materials and services, capital outlay, and debt service. Net position increased \$91,276 during the year due to operating income in excess of debt service and capital outlay.

Sewer Operations – Sewer operations revenues are from charges for services and expenses are for personal services, materials and services, capital outlay, and debt service. Net position increased by \$32,653 during the year due to operating income of \$98,547 which exceeded the net nonoperating expenses of \$65,894.

### **Debt Administration**

The City had total debt outstanding of \$1,792,184 at the end of the current fiscal year.

During the current fiscal year, the City's total debt decreased by \$283,812 (14%).

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 3 percent of its total assessed valuation. The City had no general obligation debt subject to the limitation at June 30, 2019.

# City of Aurora Outstanding Debt

	Business-ty	pe Activities
	2019	2018
General obligation bonds Loans	\$ 1,570,000 222,184	\$ 1,840,000 235,996
Total	\$ 1,792,184	\$ 2,075,996

Additional information on the City of Aurora's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements of this report.

# **Economic Factors and the Next Year's Budget**

The City of Aurora's Budget Committee considered all the following factors while preparing the City budget for the 2019-20 fiscal year:

- a. Prior history of revenues and expenditures
- b. Capital projects in the water and sewer funds
- c. Expected property tax revenues

# **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to present the user (citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors) with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

City Recorder City of Aurora 21420 Main Street NE Aurora, Oregon 97002



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (MODIFIED CASH BASIS) JUNE 30, 2019

	vernmental Activities	isiness-type Activities	Totals		
ASSETS	_	_			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,312,157	\$ 1,054,846	\$	2,367,003	
LIABILITIES	 	 		-	
NET POSITION					
Restricted for:					
Customer deposits	-	9,450		9,450	
Debt service	-	28,708		28,708	
Capital outlay	188,301	226,930		415,231	
Community development	14,513	-		14,513	
Streets	263,752	-		263,752	
Unrestricted	 845,591	789,758		1,635,349	
Total Net Position	\$ 1,312,157	\$ 1,054,846	\$	2,367,003	

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (MODIFIED CASH BASIS)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Program Revenues				t (Expenses) Revent Changes in Net Pos	
	Expenses	Fees, Fines and Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 160,272	\$ 8,962	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (151,310)	\$ -	\$ (151,310)
Public safety	189,010	28,274	-	-	(160,736)	-	(160,736)
Highways and streets	79,513	32,595	71,548	5,800	30,430	-	30,430
Community development	151,489	49,070		4,410	(98,009)		(98,009)
Total Governmental activities	580,284	118,901	71,548	10,210	(379,625)	-	(379,625)
Business-type activities:							
Water	293,197	358,001	-	11,086	-	75,890	75,890
Sewer	682,242	339,296		4,064		(338,882)	(338,882)
Total Business-type activities	975,439	697,297		15,150		(262,992)	(262,992)
Total Activities	\$ 1,555,723	\$ 816,198	\$ 71,548	\$ 25,360	(379,625)	(262,992)	(642,617)
General Revenues:							
Property taxes					306,830	355,358	662,188
Franchise taxes					67,026	-	67,026
Intergovernmental					34,243	-	34,243
Miscellaneous					84,337	31,563	115,900
Total General Revenues					492,436	386,921	879,357
Change in net position					112,811	123,929	236,740
Net Position - beginning of year					1,199,346	930,917	2,130,263
Net Position - end of year					\$ 1,312,157	\$ 1,054,846	\$ 2,367,003

BALANCE SHEET (MODIFIED CASH BASIS) - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

		Speci	ial Revenue	Capi	tal Projects		
ACCEPTE	 General		eet / Storm perating		City Hall Building	Other vernmental Funds	Total
ASSETS  Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 647,839	\$	188,278	\$	196,541	\$ 279,499	\$ 1,312,157
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities:	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Fund Balance:  Restricted for:  Capital outlay  Community development  Streets	- -		- - 188,278		-	188,301 14,513 75,474	188,301 14,513 263,752
Committed to: Capital acquisitions Unassigned	 647,839				196,541	1,211	 197,752 647,839
Total Fund Balance	 647,839		188,278		196,541	279,499	 1,312,157
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 647,839	\$	188,278	\$	196,541	\$ 279,499	\$ 1,312,157

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (MODIFIED CASH BASIS) - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

•			Speci	al Revenue	Capi	tal Projects				
	(	General		et / Storm perating		ity Hall Building	Gov	Other ernmental Funds		Total
REVENUES	Φ.	206020	Φ.		Φ.		Φ.		ф.	206.020
Taxes and assessments Fines and forfeitures	\$	306,830 28,274	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	306,830
				-		2 150		12.760		28,274
Licenses and permits Charges for services		122,900		18,404		2,158		12,760 14,191		137,818 32,595
Intergovernmental		34,243		71,548		-		14,191		105,791
Miscellaneous		57,474		4,504		4,817		14,992		81,787
Miscontineous		37,171		1,501		1,017		11,552		01,707
Total Revenues		549,721		94,456		6,975		41,943		693,095
EXPENDITURES										
General government		160,272		-		-		-		160,272
Public safety		189,010		-		-		-		189,010
Highways and streets		-		62,297		-		-		62,297
Community development		137,556		17.016		-		13,933		151,489
Capital outlay				17,216						17,216
Total Expenditures		486,838		79,513				13,933		580,284
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		62,883		14,943		6,975		28,010		112,811
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		-		-		20,000		4,500		24,500
Transfers out		(24,500)		-						(24,500)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(24,500)				20,000		4,500		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		38,383		14,943		26,975		32,510		112,811
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		609,456		173,335		169,566		246,989		1,199,346
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	647,839	\$	188,278	\$	196,541	\$	279,499	\$	1,312,157

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (MODIFIED CASH BASIS) - ENTERPRISE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	O <sub>I</sub>	Water perations	O <sub>i</sub>	Sewer perations	Total		
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents		579,851		474,995	\$	1,054,846	
LIABILITIES							
NET POSITION							
Restricted for:							
Customer deposits		9,450		-		9,450	
Debt service		-		28,708		28,708	
Capital outlay		164,504		62,426		226,930	
Unrestricted		405,897		383,861		789,758	
Total Net Position	\$	579,851	\$	474,995	\$	1,054,846	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITON (MODIFIED CASH BASIS) - ENTERPRISE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Water perations	Sewer perations	Total		
OPERATING REVENUES	 	 			
Charges for services	\$ 358,001	\$ 339,296	\$	697,297	
Miscellaneous	 1,450			1,450	
Total Operating Revenues	359,451	339,296		698,747	
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personal services	92,342	105,008		197,350	
Materials and services	 140,056	135,741		275,797	
Total Operating Expenses	 232,398	 240,749		473,147	
OPERATING INCOME	127,053	98,547		225,600	
NONOPERATING ITEMS					
Taxes and assessments	-	355,358		355,358	
Interest revenue	13,936	16,177		30,113	
Capital acquisitions	(39,907)	(91,518)		(131,425)	
Debt payments					
Principal	(13,812)	(270,000)		(283,812)	
Interest	 (7,080)	 (79,975)		(87,055)	
Total Nonoperating Items	 (46,863)	 (69,958)		(116,821)	
NET INCOME BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS					
AND TRANSFERS	80,190	28,589		108,779	
Capital contributions	11,086	4,064		15,150	
Transfers in	20,000	20,000		40,000	
Transfers out	 (20,000)	 (20,000)		(40,000)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	91,276	32,653		123,929	
NET POSITION, beginning of year	488,575	442,342		930,917	
NET POSITION, end of year	\$ 579,851	\$ 474,995	\$	1,054,846	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (MODIFIED CASH BASIS) - ENTERPRISE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

CASH FLOWS FROM ODERATING ACTIVITIES	o <sub>i</sub>	Water perations	Sewer perations	Total		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		-	 _		_	
Cash received from customers	\$	359,451	\$ 339,296	\$	698,747	
Cash paid to employees and others for salaries and benefits		(92,342)	(105,008)		(197,350)	
Cash paid to suppliers and others		(140,056)	 (135,741)		(275,797)	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		127,053	98,547		225,600	
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING						
ACTIVITIES		• • • • •	• • • • • •		40.000	
Transfers in		20,000	20,000		40,000	
Taxes and assessments		- (20,000)	355,358		355,358	
Transfers out		(20,000)	 (20,000)		(40,000)	
Net Cash Provided by Non-Capital Financing Activities		_	355,358		355,358	
1 materia neuvines			555,550		333,330	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Purchase of capital assets		(39,907)	(91,518)		(131,425)	
Principal paid on debt		(13,812)	(270,000)		(283,812)	
Interest paid on debt		(7,080)	(79,975)		(87,055)	
Capital contributions		11,086	4,064		15,150	
Net Cash Used for Capital and Related						
Financing Activities		(49,713)	(437,429)		(487,142)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest received		13,936	 16,177		30,113	
Increase in Cash and Investments		91,276	32,653		123,929	
CASH AND INVESTMENTS, Beginning of year		488,575	 442,342		930,917	
CASH AND INVESTMENTS, End of year	\$	579,851	\$ 474,995	\$	1,054,846	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Operating income	\$	127,053	\$ 98,547	\$	225,600	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Aurora, Oregon is governed by an elected mayor and four council members who comprise the City Council. The City Council exercises supervisory responsibilities over City operations, but day-to-day management control is the responsibility of a city recorder. All significant activities and organizations for which the City is financially accountable are included in the basic financial statements.

There are certain governmental agencies and various service districts which provide services within the City. These agencies have independently elected governing boards and the City is not financially accountable for these organizations. Therefore, financial information for these agencies is not included in the accompanying basic financial statements.

As discussed further under *Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting*, these financial statements are presented on a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). These modified cash basis financial statements generally meet the presentation and disclosure requirements applicable to GAAP, in substance, but are limited to the elements presented in the financial statements and the constraints of the measurement and recognition criteria of the modified cash basis of accounting.

#### Basic Financial Statements

Basic financial statements are presented at both the government-wide and fund financial level. Both levels of statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

Government-wide financial statements display information about the City as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. These statements focus on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. These aggregated statements consist of the Statement of Net Position (modified cash basis) and the Statement of Activities (modified cash basis).

The Statement of Net Position (modified cash basis) presents the assets and liabilities of the City. Net position, representing assets less liabilities, is shown in two components: restricted for special purposes, amounts which must be spent in accordance with legal restrictions; and unrestricted, the amount available for ongoing City activities.

The Statement of Activities (modified cash basis) demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Fund financial statements display information at the individual fund level. Each fund is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Funds are classified and summarized as governmental, proprietary or fiduciary. Currently, the City has governmental funds (general, special revenue, and capital projects) and proprietary type funds (enterprise). Major individual governmental funds and proprietary operations are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

# SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# Basis of Presentation

The financial transactions of the City are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures / expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America set forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures / expenses of either fund category or the government and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds.

The City reports the following governmental funds as major funds:

#### General Fund

This fund accounts for the basic governmental financial operations of the City. Principal sources of revenues are property taxes, licenses and permits, franchise taxes and State shared revenues. Primary expenditures are for administration, police protection, parks, community development and municipal court.

# Street/Storm Operating Fund

Gas tax apportionments received from the State are recorded in this fund. Expenditures are for road construction and maintenance.

#### City Hall Building Fund

This fund accounts for monies set aside by the City for the replacement of the City Hall building.

The City reports each of its proprietary operations. They are used to account for the acquisition, operation, and maintenance of the sewer and water systems. These operations are entirely or predominantly self-supported through user charges to customers. The City reports the following major proprietary activities:

### Sewer Operations

Accounts for the operations, maintenance, and capital construction projects for wastewater system, which is funded through utility fees, construction fees, and property taxes.

#### Water Operations

Accounts for the operations, maintenance, debt service, and capital construction projects for water system, which is funded through utility fees and construction fees.

#### Fund Balance

Fund balance is reported as non-spendable when the resources cannot be spent because they are either in a legally or contractually required to be maintained intact or non-spendable form. Resources in non-spendable form include inventories, prepaids and deposits, and assets held for resale.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

# SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Balance (Continued)

Fund balance is reported as restricted when the constraints placed on the use of resources are either: (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Fund balance is reported as committed when the City Council takes formal action that places specific constraints on how the resources may be used. The City Council can modify or rescind the commitment at any time through taking a similar formal action.

Resources that are constrained by the City's intent to use them for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed, are reported as assigned fund balance. Intent is expressed when the City Council approves which resources should be "reserved" during the adoption of the annual budget. The City's Finance Officer uses that information to determine whether those resources should be classified as assigned or unassigned for presentation in the City's Annual Financial Report.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned within the General Fund. This classification is also used to report any negative fund balance amounts in other governmental funds.

Definitions of Governmental Fund Types

The General Fund is used to account for the basic operations of the City, which include general government, public safety, highways and streets, and community development.

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The term "proceeds of specific revenues sources" means that the revenue sources for the fund must be from restricted or committed sources, specifically that a substantial portion of the revenue must be from these sources and be expended in accordance with those requirements.

Capital Projects Funds are utilized to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of capital equipment and facilities.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe what transactions or events are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to when and how transactions or events are recorded, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position (Modified Cash Basis) and Statement of Activities (Modified Cash Basis), both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resource measurement focus, within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, as defined below.

In the fund financial statements, the current financial resources measurement focus or the economic resources measurement focus is applied to the modified cash basis of accounting, is used as appropriate:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

# SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

- a. All governmental funds utilize a current financial resources measurement focus within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary funds utilize an economic resource measurement focus within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, change in net position (or cost recovery), net financial position, and cash flows. All assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows (whether current or financial or nonfinancial) associated with their activities are generally reported within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting.

The financial statements are presented on a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than GAAP as established by GASB. This basis of accounting involves modifications to the cash basis of accounting to report in the statements of net position or balance sheets cash transactions or events that provide a benefit or result in an obligation that covers a period greater than the period in which the cash transaction or event occurred. Such reported balances include:

- 1. Interfund receivables and payables that are temporary borrowing and result from transactions involving cash or cash equivalents are recognized.
- 2. Assets that normally convert to cash or cash equivalents (e.g., certificates of deposit, external cash pools, and marketable investments) that arise from transactions and events involving cash or cash equivalents are recognized.
- 3. Liabilities for cash (or cash equivalents) held on behalf of others or held in escrow are recognized.

The modified cash basis of accounting differs from GAAP primarily because certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected and other accrued revenue and receivables) and certain liabilities and their related expenses or expenditures (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods and services received but not yet paid and other accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements. In addition, other economic assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows that do not arise from a cash transaction or event are not reported, and the measurement of reported assets and liabilities does not involve adjustment to fair value. Additionally, long-term liabilities such as debt are only reported in the notes to the financial statements.

If the City utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted in the United States of America, the fund financial statements for the governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting, and the fund financial statements for the enterprise funds would use the accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financial statements would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

The City's policy, although not in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, is acceptable under Oregon Law (ORS 294.333), which leaves the selection of the method of accounting to the discretion of the municipal corporation.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

# **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Enterprise funds distinguish between operating revenues and expenses and non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses result from providing services to customers in connection with ongoing utility operations. The principal operating revenues are charges to customers for service. Operating expenses include payroll and related costs, materials and supplies, and capital outlay. All revenues not considered operating are reported as non-operating items.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City maintains cash and cash equivalents in a common pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed as cash and cash equivalents. The City considers cash on hand, demand deposits and savings accounts, and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition to be cash and cash equivalents.

Oregon Revised Statutes authorize the City to invest in certificates of deposit, savings accounts, bank repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, general obligations of U.S. Government and its agencies, certain bonded obligations of Oregon municipalities, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool, among others.

For the purpose of financial reporting, cash and cash equivalents includes all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Investments in the Local Government Investment Pool are stated at cost, which approximates fair value.

# Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the County Assessor and collected by the County Tax Collector. The taxes are levied and become a lien as of July 1. They may be paid in three installments payable in equal payments due November 15, February 15 and May 15. The City's property tax collection records show that most of the property taxes due are collected during the year of levy and delinquent taxes are collected in the next few years.

#### Capital Assets

The City does not maintain historical cost or depreciation records for capital assets. Therefore, capital assets are not reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position or the enterprise funds statements of Fund Net Position or in the notes to the financial statements.

# Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt is presented only in the notes to the financial statements. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as expenditures / expenses when paid.

# **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

# Accrued Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid vacation pay is not accrued. Earned but unpaid sick pay is recorded as an expenditure / expense when paid.

### Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The City adopts the budget on an object basis; therefore, expenditures of a specific object within a fund may not legally exceed that object's appropriations. The City Council may amend the budget to expend unforeseen revenues by supplemental appropriations. All supplemental appropriations are included in the budget comparison statements. Appropriations lapse at year end and may not be carried over. The City does not use encumbrance accounting.

### Use of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with the modified cash basis of accounting requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

# CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of the following at June 30, 2019:

#### Cash

Cash on hand	\$ 400
Deposits with financial institutions	15,085
Investments	
Local Government Investment Pool	 2,351,519
	\$ 2,367,003

#### **Deposits**

The City's deposits with various financial institutions had a book value of \$15,085 and a bank balance of \$90,943 as of June 30, 2019. The difference is due to transactions in process. Bank deposits are secured to legal limits by federal deposit insurance. The remaining amount is secured in accordance with ORS 295 under a collateral program administered by the Oregon State Treasurer.

#### Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. The Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) provides insurance for the City's deposits with financial institutions for up to \$250,000 for the aggregate of all demand deposits and the aggregate of all time deposit and savings accounts at each institution. Deposits in excess of FDIC coverage are with institutions participating in the Oregon Public Funds Collateralization Program (PFCP). The PFCP is a shared liability structure for participating bank depositories, better protecting public funds though still not guaranteeing that all funds are 100% protected.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

# CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits (Continued)

Barring any exceptions, a bank depository is required to pledge collateral valued at least 10% of their quarter-end public fund deposits if they are well capitalized, 25% of their quarter-end public fund deposits if they are adequately capitalized, or 110% of their quarter-end public fund deposits if they are undercapitalized or assigned to pledge 110% by the Office of the State Treasurer. In the event of a bank failure, the entire pool of collateral pledged by all qualified Oregon public funds bank depositories is available to repay deposits of public funds of government entities. As of June 30, 2019 all of the City's bank balances were covered by FDIC insurance.

#### Local Government Investment Pool

The State Treasurer of the State of Oregon maintains the Oregon Short-Term Fund, of which the Local Government Investment Pool is part. Participation by local governments is voluntary. The State of Oregon investment policies are governed by statute and the Oregon Investment Council. In accordance with Oregon Statutes, the investment funds are invested as a prudent investor would do, exercising reasonable care, skill and caution. The Oregon Short-Term Fund is the LGIP for local governments and was established by the State Treasurer. It was created to meet the financial and administrative responsibilities of federal arbitrage regulations.

The investments are regulated by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board and approved by the Oregon Investment Council (ORS 294.805 to 294.895). At June 30, 2019, the fair value of the position in the Oregon State Treasurer's Short-Term Investment Pool was approximately equal to the value of the pool shares. The investment in the Oregon Short-Term Fund is not subject to risk evaluation. The LGIP is not rated for credit quality. Separate financial statements for the Oregon Short-Term Fund are available from the Oregon State Treasurer.

#### Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair value of its investments by limiting its investments to the LGIP.

#### Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateralized securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy limits the types of investments that may be held and does not allow securities to be held by the counterparty.

The LGIP is administered by the Oregon State Treasury with the advice of other state agencies and is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. The LGIP is an open-ended no-load diversified portfolio offered to any agency, political subdivision, or public corporation of the state that by law is made the custodian of, or has control of any fund. The LGIP is commingled with the State's short-term funds. In seeking to best serve local governments of Oregon, the Oregon Legislature established the Oregon Short Term Fund Board, which has established diversification percentages and specifies the types and maturities of the investments.

# CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

The purpose of the Board is to advise the Oregon State Treasury in the management and investment of the LGIP. These investments within the LGIP must be invested and managed as a prudent investor would, exercising reasonable care, skill and caution. Professional standards indicate that the investments in external investment pools are not subject to custodial risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Nevertheless, management does not believe that there is any substantial custodial risk related to investments in the LGIP.

#### LONG-TERM DEBT

As a result of the use of the modified cash basis of accounting in this report, obligations related to long-term debt and other obligations are not reported as liabilities in the financial statements. Long-term debt transactions for the year were as follows:

	Outstanding July 1, 2018	Issued	Matured/ Redeemed During Year	Outstanding June 30, 2019	Due Within One Year
Business-type activities 2019 General Obligation Bonds	\$ 1,840,000	\$ -	\$ (270,000)	\$ 1,570,000	\$ 295,000
Safe Drinking Water Loan	235,996		(13,812)	222,184	14,226
	\$ 2,075,996	\$ -	\$ (283,812)	\$ 1,792,184	\$ 309,226

Debt payments on the general obligation bonds are made from the G.O. Wastewater Bond Fund.

*Direct Borrowings – Business-type Activities* 

<u>2009 G. O. Bonds</u>: On May 28, 2009 the City issued \$3,530,000 of general obligation bonds for sewer system capital improvements. The bonds call for annual payments ranging from \$287,374 to \$383,350 including interest at rates ranging from 2.5% to 4,5%. The bonds mature on June 1, 2024.

Safe Drinking Water Loan: On July 31, 2009 the City entered into a loan agreement with the Oregon Economic and Community Development Division (subsequently renamed Oregon Business Development Division) in the amount of \$330,812 with annual payments of \$20,892 which include interest at 3% through December 1, 2030. The purpose of the loan was for water system capital improvements. In the event of default, the lender may declare all amounts immediately due and payable and may exercise any remedy available at law or in equity.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### **LONG-TERM DEBT** (Continued)

Future debt service requirements are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	 Principal	 Interest	Total		
2020	\$ 309,226	\$ 75,841	\$	385,067	
2021	324,653	63,614		388,267	
2022	350,093	49,224		399,317	
2023	370,546	33,696		404,242	
2024	291,012	17,254		308,266	
2025-2029	87,559	16,900		104,459	
2030-2032	 59,095	3,579		62,674	
	\$ 1,792,184	\$ 260,108	\$	2,052,292	

#### PENSION PLAN

<u>Plan Description</u> - City employees are provided pension benefits through the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS). PERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan for units of state and local government in Oregon, containing multiple actuarial pools. Benefits are established and amended by the Oregon State Legislature pursuant to ORS Chapters 238 and 238A. The legislature has delegated the authority to administer and manage PERS to the Public Employees Retirement Board. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be found at: <a href="https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx">https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx</a>

<u>Benefits Provided</u> - PERS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits which vary based on a qualified employee's hiring date and employment class (general service or police/fire). All City employees are eligible to participate after six months of covered employment. Details applicable to police/fire employees are noted in [square brackets] where different.

The Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Plan applies to qualifying employees hired before August 29, 2003 and is closed to new members.

Monthly retirement benefits are based on final 3-year average salary multiplied by years of service and a factor of 1.67% [2.00%]. Benefits may also be based on a money match computation, or formula plus annuity (for members contributing before August 21, 1981), if a greater benefit results. Employees are fully vested after making contributions in each of five calendar years, and are eligible to retire at age 55 [50]. Tier One benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 [55] with less than 30 [25] years of service; Tier Two benefits are reduced for retirement prior to age 60.

Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service; 10 years of service is required for nonservice-related benefits. Disability benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits with service time computed to age 58 [55].

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance. The beneficiary may also receive a matching lump-sum payment from employer funds if the member was in covered employment at the time of death, or if the member died less than 120 days after termination, while on official leave of absence, or as a result of a job-related injury.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### **PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

Monthly benefits are subject to annual cost-of-living adjustments (COLA). For benefits earned after the relevant effective dates, the COLA is subject to a cap of 1.25% on the first \$60,000 of annual benefits and 0.15% thereafter (ORS 238.360).

The Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP) applies to qualifying employees hired on or after August 29, 2003.

Monthly retirement benefits are based on final 3-year average salary multiplied by years of service and a factor of 1.50% [1.80%]. Employees are fully vested after completing 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, and are eligible to retire at age 58 [53] with 30 [25] years of service, or at age 65 [60] otherwise.

Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service; 10 years of service is required for nonservice-related benefits. The benefit is 45% of the employee's salary during the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a monthly benefit equal to 50% of the retirement benefit that would have been paid to the member.

Monthly benefits are subject to annual cost-of-living adjustments (COLA). For benefits earned after the relevant effective dates, the COLA is subject to a cap of 1.25% on the first \$60,000 of annual benefits and 0.15% thereafter (ORS 238A.210).

Contribution Requirements – As a participating employer, the City is required to make monthly contributions to PERS based on actuarially determined percentages of covered payroll. Rates in effect for fiscal year 2019 were 8.14% for Tier One/Tier Two employees, 0.43% for OPSRP general service employees, and 3.31% for OPSRP police/fire employees. The City's total contributions to PERS were \$1,009 for fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Contribution requirements are established by Oregon statute and may be amended by an act of the Oregon State Legislature. Employer contribution rates for fiscal year 2019 were based on the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. It is important to note that the actuarial valuations used for rate setting are based on different methods and assumptions than those used for financial reporting which are described later in this note.

Employee contributions are set by statute at 6% of salary and are remitted by participating employers, who may agree to make employee contributions on the employee's behalf. Prior to January 1, 2004, employee contributions were credited to the defined benefit pension plan. Beginning January 1, 2004, all employee contributions were placed in the OPSRP Individual Account Program (IAP), a defined contribution pension plan described further at the end of this note.

Pension Assets/Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Pension-Related Deferrals – At June 30, 2019, the City reported a net pension liability of \$256,229 as its proportionate share of the collective net pension liability for PERS, measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on a December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation, rolled forward to the measurement date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to PERS relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, as actuarially determined. The City's proportion was 0.001691% as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date, compared to 0.000924% as of June 30, 2017.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### **PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions – The total pension liability in the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the entry age normal method and the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement: inflation rate of 2.50%, projected salary increases of 3.50%, investment rate of return of 7.20%, and mortality rates based on the RP-2000 sex-distinct mortality tables, with generational adjustments per scale BB. These assumptions were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the four-year period ending December 31, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was developed by combining estimated rates of return for each major asset class weighted by target asset allocation percentages and adjusting for inflation.

Target allocations and estimated geometric rates of return for each major asset class are available in the PERS publicly available financial report previously mentioned.

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.20%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following chart shows the sensitivity of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate, based on calculations using the discount rates of 6.20%, 7.20%, and 8.20%.

	1% Decrease (6.20%)		 count Rate (7.20%)	1% Increase (8.20%)		
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	428,208	\$ 256,229	\$	114,275	

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> – Detailed information about PERS' net position is available in its separately issued financial report.

<u>Defined Contribution Plan</u> – PERS-eligible employees are statutorily required to contribute 6% of their annual covered salary to the OPSRP Individual Account Program (IAP), a defined contribution pension plan. Benefits terms, including contribution requirements, are established by the Oregon Legislature. The City has opted to not pick-up the contributions on behalf of employees. PERS contracts with VOYA Financial to administer the IAP.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

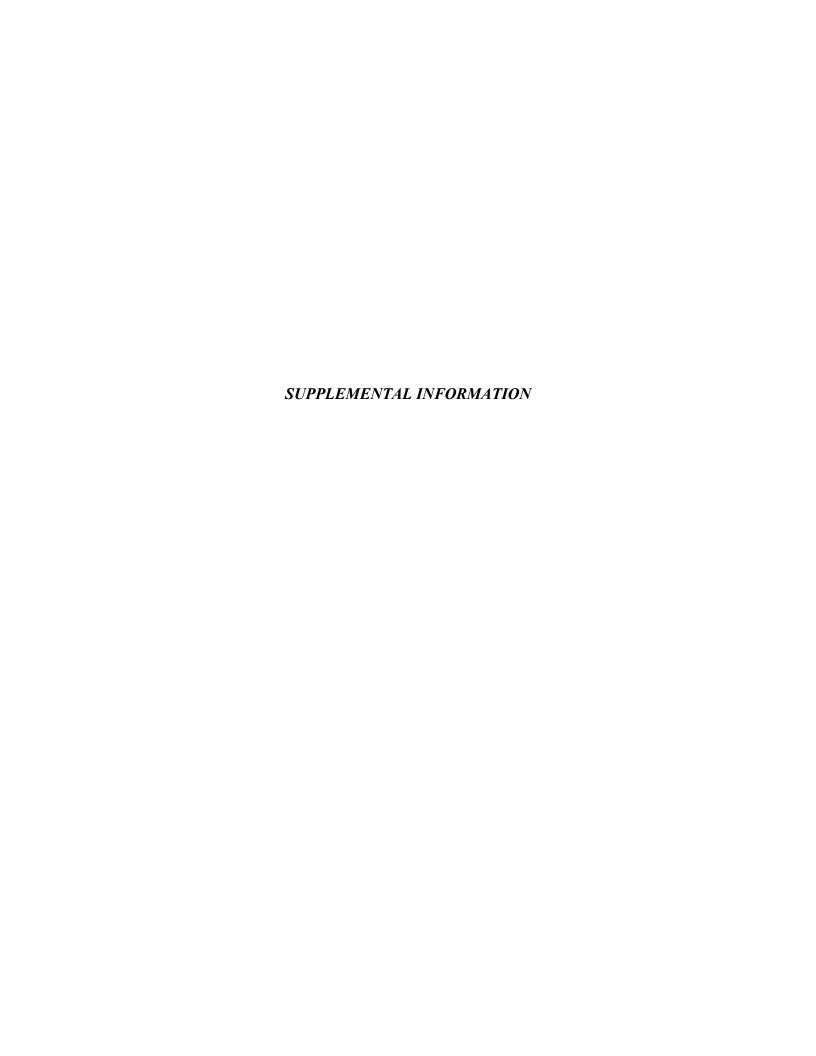
### **TRANSFERS**

Fund	Tran	sfers In	Tran	nsfers Out
General	\$	-	\$	24,500
City Hall Building		20,000		-
Aurora Colony Days		4,500		-
Water		-		20,000
Sewer		-		20,000
Sewer Reserve		20,000		-
Water Reserve		20,000	1	-
	\$	64,500	\$	64,500

Transfers are used to (1) move resources from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move revenues restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the revenues to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

### **CONTINGENCIES**

The City purchases commercial insurance to cover all commonly insurable risks, which includes property damage, liability and employee bonds. Most policies carry a small deductible amount. No insurance claims settled in each of the prior three years have exceeded policy coverage.



CITY OF AURORA, OREGON
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (MODIFIED CASH BASIS) - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2019

		Special evenue		Capital	Projects			Capital	8		
	Aurora Colony Days		Pa	ark SDC	Park	Reserve	Stre	et / Storm SDC		eet / Storm Reserve	Total
ASSETS  Cash and cash equivalents	\$	14,513	\$	58,577	\$	1,211	\$	75,474	\$	129,724	\$ 279,499
1									<u> </u>		 
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE											
Liabilities:	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Fund Balance:											
Restricted for:											
Capital acquisitions		-		58,577		-		-		129,724	188,301
Streets		-		-		-		75,474		-	75,474
Community development		14,513		-		-		-		-	14,513
Committed to:											
Capital acquisitions						1,211					 1,211
Total Fund Balance		14,513		58,577		1,211		75,474		129,724	 279,499
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	14,513	\$	58,577	\$	1,211	\$	75,474	\$	129,724	\$ 279,499

CITY OF AURORA, OREGON

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (MODIFIED CASH BASIS) - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Special evenue	Capital Projects				Capital Projects					
	Aurora ony Days	Pa	rk SDC	Park	Reserve		et / Storm SDC		et / Storm Reserve		Total
REVENUES											
Licenses and permits	\$ 2,550	\$	4,410	\$	-	\$	5,800	\$	-	\$	12,760
Charges for services	-		-		-		-		14,191		14,191
Miscellaneous	8,786		1,349		30		1,796		3,031		14,992
Total Revenues	11,336		5,759		30		7,596		17,222		41,943
EXPENDITURES											
Community development	 13,933		_		-		-		-		13,933
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(2,597)		5,759		30		7,596		17,222		28,010
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers in	 4,500		-		-						4,500
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	1,903		5,759		30		7,596		17,222		32,510
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	 12,610		52,818		1,181		67,878		112,502		246,989
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ 14,513	\$	58,577	\$	1,211	\$	75,474	\$	129,724	\$	279,499

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (MODIFIED CASH BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budget Amounts							
		Original		Final		Actual	V	ariance
REVENUES								
Taxes and assessments	\$	289,839	\$	289,839	\$	306,830	\$	16,991
Fines and forfeitures		20,500		20,500		28,274		7,774
Licenses and permits		139,000		139,000		122,900		(16,100)
Intergovernmental		65,000		65,000		34,243		(30,757)
Miscellaneous		77,782		77,782		57,474		(20,308)
Total Revenues		592,121		592,121		549,721		(42,400)
EXPENDITURES								
Administration		371,365		371,365		333,718		37,647
Community development		169,800		169,800		71,972		97,828
Municipal court		10,250		10,250		9,083		1,167
Public facilities		23,650		23,650		17,620		6,030
Park services		81,385		81,385		54,445		26,940
Contigency		447,671		447,671				447,671
Total Expenditures		1,104,121		1,104,121		486,838		617,283
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(512,000)		(512,000)		62,883		574,883
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out		(24,500)		(24,500)		(24,500)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(536,500)		(536,500)		38,383		574,883
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		536,500		536,500		609,456		72,956
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$		\$	-	\$	647,839	\$	647,839

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (MODIFIED CASH BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - STREET/STORM OPERATING FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budget Amounts							
		Original		Final		Actual	V	ariance
REVENUES								
Charges for services	\$	18,330	\$	18,330	\$	18,404	\$	74
Intergovernmental		110,000		110,000		71,548		(38,452)
Miscellaneous		2,100		2,100		4,504		2,404
Total Revenues		130,430		130,430		94,456		(35,974)
EXPENDITURES								
Personal services		25,821		25,821		22,867		2,954
Materials and services		69,500		69,500		39,430		30,070
Capital outlay		77,500		77,500		17,216		60,284
Contingency		128,609		128,609				128,609
Total Expenditures		301,430		301,430		79,513		221,917
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(171,000)		(171,000)		14,943		185,943
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		171,000		171,000		173,335		2,335
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	188,278	\$	188,278

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (MODIFIED CASH BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CITY HALL BUILDING FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budget Amounts						
	-	Priginal -		Final	Actual	$\nu$	ariance
REVENUES							
Licenses and permits	\$	5,800	\$	5,800	\$ 2,158	\$	(3,642)
Miscellaneous		2,000		2,000	 4,817		2,817
Total Revenues		7,800		7,800	6,975		(825)
EXPENDITURES							
Capital outlay		196,800		196,800	 		196,800
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(189,000)		(189,000)	6,975		195,975
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		20,000		20,000	20,000		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(169,000)		(169,000)	26,975		195,975
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		169,000		169,000	169,566		566
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$		\$	-	\$ 196,541	\$	196,541

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (MODIFIED CASH BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - AURORA COLONY DAYS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budget Amounts Final								
	0	riginal		Final	1	Actual	Va	ıriance	
REVENUES									
Licenses and permits	\$	2,625	\$	2,625	\$	2,550	\$	(75)	
Miscellaneous		7,830		7,830		8,786		956	
Total Revenues		10,455		10,455		11,336		881	
EXPENDITURES									
Personal services		2,572		2,572		2,198		374	
Materials and services		15,500		15,500		11,735		3,765	
Contingency		6,083		6,083				6,083	
Total Expenditures		24,155		24,155		13,933		10,222	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)									
EXPENDITURES		(13,700)		(13,700)		(2,597)		11,103	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		4,500		4,500		4,500			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(9,200)		(9,200)		1,903		11,103	
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		9,200		9,200		12,610		3,410	
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,513	\$	14,513	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (MODIFIED CASH BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - PARK SDC FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budget A	1moun					
	Original Original		Final	2	Actual	$V_{\epsilon}$	ariance
REVENUES							
Licenses and permits	\$ 6,615	\$	6,615	\$	4,410	\$	(2,205)
Miscellaneous	 550		550		1,349		799
Total Revenues	7,165		7,165		5,759		(1,406)
EXPENDITURES							
Capital outlay	 61,973		61,973				61,973
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(54,808)		(54,808)		5,759		60,567
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	 54,808		54,808		52,818		(1,990)
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ 	\$		\$	58,577	\$	58,577

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (MODIFIED CASH BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - PARK RESERVE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	ts							
	0	riginal	_	Final	A	lctual	Variance	
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$	6,000	\$	6,000	\$	-	\$	(6,000)
Miscellaneous		15		15		30		15
Total Revenues		6,015		6,015		30		(5,985)
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>								
Capital outlay		7,195		7,195				7,195
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(1,180)		(1,180)		30		1,210
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		1,180		1,180		1,181		1
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,211	\$	1,211

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (MODIFIED CASH BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - STREET/STORM SDC FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budget A	1moun				
	-	Priginal		Final	 Actual	Variance	
REVENUES		_			 		
Licenses and permits	\$	11,600	\$	11,600	\$ 5,800	\$	(5,800)
Miscellaneous		700		700	1,796		1,096
Total Revenues		12,300		12,300	7,596		(4,704)
EXPENDITURES							
Capital outlay		82,791		82,791			82,791
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(70,491)		(70,491)	7,596		78,087
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		70,491		70,491	67,878		(2,613)
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 75,474	\$	75,474

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (MODIFIED CASH BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - STREET/STORM RESERVE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budget A	1mou	nts			
		Original		Final	Actual	Variance	
REVENUES	•						
Charges for services	\$	14,100	\$	14,100	\$ 14,191	\$	91
Miscellaneous		1,400		1,400	3,031		1,631
Total Revenues		15,500		15,500	17,222		1,722
EXPENDITURES							
Capital outlay		128,000		128,000	 -		128,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(112,500)		(112,500)	17,222		129,722
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		112,500		112,500	112,502		2
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$		\$		\$ 129,724	\$	129,724

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (MODIFIED CASH BASIS) - WATER FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Water	Wat	er Reserve	W	ater SDC	Total
REVENUES						
Licenses and permits	\$ -	\$	-	\$	11,086	\$ 11,086
Charges for services	358,001		-		-	358,001
Miscellaneous	1,450		-		-	1,450
Interest earnings	 7,485		2,516		3,935	 13,936
Total Revenues	366,936		2,516		15,021	384,473
EXPENDITURES						
Personal services	92,342		-		-	92,342
Materials and services	140,056		-		-	140,056
Debt service						
Principal	13,812		-		-	13,812
Interest	7,080		-		-	7,080
Capital outlay	 39,907					 39,907
Total Expenditures	293,197					293,197
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	73,739		2,516		15,021	91,276
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	-		20,000		-	20,000
Transfers out	 (20,000)		-			(20,000)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	53,739		22,516		15,021	91,276
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	259,478		79,614		149,483	488,575
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ 313,217	\$	102,130	\$	164,504	\$ 579,851

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (MODIFIED CASH BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - WATER FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budget A	1mou	nts			
	Original		Final	 Actual	V	ariance
REVENUES						
Charges for services	\$ 367,160	\$	367,160	\$ 358,001	\$	(9,159)
Miscellaneous	1,650		1,650	1,450		(200)
Interest earnings	 2,500		2,500	 7,485		4,985
Total Revenues	371,310		371,310	366,936		(4,374)
EXPENDITURES						
Personal services	112,725		112,725	92,342		20,383
Materials and services	194,975		194,975	140,056		54,919
Debt service						
Principal	13,812		13,812	13,812		-
Interest	7,080		7,080	7,080		-
Capital outlay	73,900		73,900	39,907		33,993
Contingency	 194,818		194,818	 -		194,818
Total Expenditures	 597,310		597,310	 293,197		304,113
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(226,000)		(226,000)	73,739		299,739
	, , ,		, , ,			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out	 (20,000)		(20,000)	(20,000)		
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(246,000)		(246,000)	53,739		299,739
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	 246,000		246,000	259,478		13,478
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ -	\$		\$ 313,217	\$	313,217

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (MODIFIED CASH BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - WATER RESERVE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budget A	1 <i>moun</i>	ts				
	0	riginal		Final		Actual	Variance	
REVENUES								
Interest earnings	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	2,516	\$	1,516
EXPENDITURES								
Capital outlay		100,400		100,400		-		100,400
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(99,400)		(99,400)		2,516		101,916
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		20,000		20,000		20,000		
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(79,400)		(79,400)		22,516		101,916
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		79,400		79,400		79,614		214
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	_	\$	_	\$	102,130	\$	102,130

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (MODIFIED CASH BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - WATER SDC FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budget 2	nts				
	 Original		Final	Actual	V	ariance
REVENUES	 ,					
Licenses and permits	\$ 22,172	\$	22,172	\$ 11,086	\$	(11,086)
Interest earnings	 1,500		1,500	3,935		2,435
Total Revenues	23,672		23,672	15,021		(8,651)
EXPENDITURES						
Capital outlay	 178,300		178,300	 		178,300
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(154,628)		(154,628)	15,021		169,649
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	 154,628		154,628	149,483		(5,145)
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ <u>-</u> _	\$	-	\$ 164,504	\$	164,504

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (MODIFIED CASH BASIS) - SEWER FUNDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Sewer	Sewer Reserve	Sewer SDC	General Obligation Wastewater Bond	Total
REVENUES					
Taxes and assessments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 355,358	\$ 355,358
Licenses and permits	-	-	4,064	-	4,064
Charges for services	339,296	-	-	-	339,296
Interest earnings	8,253	1,254	1,493	5,177	16,177
Total Revenues	347,549	1,254	5,557	360,535	714,895
EXPENDITURES					
Personal services	105,008	-	-	-	105,008
Materials and services	135,741	-	-	=	135,741
Debt service					
Principal	-	-	-	270,000	270,000
Interest	-	-	-	79,975	79,975
Capital outlay	34,706	56,812			91,518
Total Expenditures	275,455	56,812		349,975	682,242
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)					
EXPENDITURES	72,094	(55,558)	5,557	10,560	32,653
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	-	20,000	-	-	20,000
Transfers out	(20,000)				(20,000)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	(20,000)	20,000			
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	52,094	(35,558)	5,557	10,560	32,653
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	318,016	49,309	56,869	18,148	442,342
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ 370,110	\$ 13,751	\$ 62,426	\$ 28,708	\$ 474,995

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (MODIFIED CASH BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SEWER FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budget A	1mour	its			
		Original		Final	Actual	<u> </u>	ariance
REVENUES		_			 		
Charges for services	\$	332,600	\$	332,600	\$ 339,296	\$	6,696
Miscellaneous		500		500	-		(500)
Interest earnings		3,000		3,000	8,253		5,253
Total Revenues		336,100		336,100	347,549		11,449
EXPENDITURES							
Personal services		125,580		125,580	105,008		20,572
Materials and services		206,700		206,700	135,741		70,959
Capital outlay		61,000		61,000	34,706		26,294
Contingency		244,820		244,820			244,820
Total Expenditures		638,100		638,100	275,455		362,645
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(302,000)		(302,000)	72,094		374,094
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES Transfers out	) 	(20,000)		(20,000)	 (20,000)		
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(322,000)		(322,000)	52,094		374,094
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		322,000		322,000	 318,016		(3,984)
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 370,110	\$	370,110

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (MODIFIED CASH BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SEWER RESERVE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budget Amounts							
	0	riginal		Final		Actual	Va	ıriance
REVENUES								
Interest earnings	\$	500	\$	500	\$	1,254	\$	754
EXPENDITURES								
Capital outlay		58,500		58,500		56,812		1,688
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(58,000)		(58,000)		(55,558)		2,442
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		20,000		20,000		20,000		
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(38,000)		(38,000)		(35,558)		2,442
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		38,000		38,000		49,309		11,309
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$		\$		\$	13,751	\$	13,751

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (MODIFIED CASH BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SEWER SDC FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budget Amounts							
	Original		Final		Actual		Variance	
REVENUES								
Licenses and permits	\$	8,128	\$	8,128	\$	4,064	\$	(4,064)
Interest earnings		600		600		1,493		893
Total Revenues		8,728		8,728		5,557		(3,171)
EXPENDITURES								
Capital outlay		67,469		67,469				67,469
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(58,741)		(58,741)		5,557		64,298
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		58,741		58,741		56,869		(1,872)
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	_	\$	_	\$	62,426	\$	62,426

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (MODIFIED CASH BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL OBLIGATION WASTEWATER BOND FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budget Amounts							
	Original		Final		Actual		Variance	
REVENUES		_		_				
Taxes and assessments	\$	341,775	\$	341,775	\$	355,358	\$	13,583
Interest earnings		2,200		2,200		5,177		2,977
Total Revenues		343,975		343,975		360,535		16,560
EXPENDITURES								
Debt service								
Principal		270,000		270,000		270,000		-
Interest		79,975		79,975		79,975		
Total Expenditures		349,975		349,975		349,975		-
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(6,000)		(6,000)		10,560		16,560
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		16,000		16,000		18,148		2,148
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	28,708	\$	18,708





CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CONSULTANTS 475 Cottage Street NE, Suite 200, Salem, Oregon 97301 (503) 581-7788

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS

Honorable Mayor and Council Members City of Aurora 21420 Main Street NE Aurora, Oregon 97002

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements of the City of Aurora, Oregon as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated December 18, 2019.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Highway revenues used for public highways, roads, and streets.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).
- Accountability for collecting or receiving money by elected officials no money was collected or received by elected officials.

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the City was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

#### Restriction on Use

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council and management of the City of Aurora, Oregon and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

GROVE, MUELLER & SWANK, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Devan W. Esch, A Shareholder

December 18, 2019